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_			10. Mouse Control Quotes
			A mouse was reported in a bait station from a Polytech student replenishing the stations for us. A full SOP response was launched with 64 bait
			stations, Elliot traps, Easiset mouse traps, lures, chew sticks etc. We were not able to follow the SOP to the letter in terms of frequency of visits
			as the weather did not play ball. After six weeks we have had nothing to confirm any rodents in the area. We have removed the Elliot traps as
46 Sep -02	13	Aorangi Island	they were killing diving petrels, spotless crakes and lizards. We also removed the Easisets as they have killed lizards and giant weta.
			Auckland Island: It is not known when the mice were introduced, but may very well have been there since the pigs were released in 1807. Mice
			are the main component of cat diet, with birds and a bit of scavenging making up the remainder. The present plan is to attempt to eradicate
			both pigs and cats, but not mice. The decision to not attempt mice is based on our poor track record with mice, plus the sheer size of the island.
		Auckland	At 51,000 ha it compromises the largest eradication attempt on an offshore island yet to be made in New Zealand, or anywhere else in the
52 Mar -04	27	Island	world.
36 Apr -00	10	Bay of Plenty	A further attempt to eradicate mice from [Mokoia) island is planned for late winter if the funds become available.
			A second application of Pestoff 20R (12mm diameter, 2-4 gram) Wanganui No. 7 cereal pellets containing 20ppm brodifacoum was dropped
			onto Mokoia Island (135.5 ha) by helicopter on 18 September. This will hopefully remove mice from the island. The first drop, undertaken in
			August reduced mouse numbers significantly, however we know from previous experience that they will increase again without control. It will
42 Oct -01	6	Bay of Plenty	be a challenge to remove them completely, as earlier attempts to remove them (Sept 1996) were unsuccessful.
45 Jun -02	7	Bay of Plenty	NZ Dotterel: Witana Murray reports trapping 50 cats, 21 stoats, 237 possums, 36 rats, 115 mice and 1 dog on the island.
			Quail Island: The removal of predators including mustelids, cats, hedgehogs, possums, rats and mice from the island has provided an
53 Jun -04	14	Canterbury	opportunity to restore a number of native invertebrate species that are thought to have occupied the island.
			Kaitaia Area staff have been busy setting up a new project to protect the Te Paki flax snail (Placostylus ambagiosus) populations from rodent
			predation. Rodents at these sites were previously controlled with bromadiolone, but due to changes in the DOC pest control QCM process, the
			high level of recreational pig hunting in the area, and iwi concerns about poison use, we had to come up with an alternative method. This year
			we received Biodiversity funding for <i>Placostylus</i> protection, so we now have the resources to trap rodents at the priority <i>Placostylus</i> sites.
			There will be four treatment sites to start with; two where rats and mice will be trapped, and two where we will trap only rats. If time and
42 Oct -01	2	Northland	resources allow, the trapping will be extended to more sites.
			Five colonies of the Te Paki pupuharakeke (flax snail) are being managed for rodents by a trapping operation. Each operation is over a 150m
			diameter circle containing 57 trapping tunnels with two rat traps per tunnel, and four mouse traps. Tunnels are 25m apart on a 50m grid.
45 Jun-02	3	Northland	Indexing is done every three months to check the impact on rodent numbers in the trapping site.
			quarterly mouse tracking lines and beech seed fall in the Caples and Dart Valleys have been completed. Both indices are up with mouse tracking
38 Sep -00	11	Otago	rates averaging 43% in the Caples Valley and 73% in the Dart.
			At Cromwell an assessment of mice as a potential predator is ongoing but for the second half of October when the chafers were well and truly
39 Dec-00	14	Otago	out there was only 1 mouse caught.
			After the last mast event numbers of mohua in the Caples have decreased dramatically. Mice numbers have bottomed out but recent mice
47 Dec -02	16	Otago	tracking has shown a 30% tracking rate in the Caples.
50 Sep -03	15	Otago	We continue to have elevated numbers of mice in tracking tunnels and traps in the Catlins mohua areas.
			Twenty little spotted kiwi were transferred from Kapiti Island to Karori Sanctuary all alive and well when released within 30 hours of capture.
38 Sep -00	8	Wellington	The Karori Sanctuarywas ringed with a predator-proof fence in 1999, and all mammals were removed during an intensive trapping campaign

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			and aerial application of Brodifacoum poison in 1999 (though mice have since reinvaded).
			The Landsborough Valley: stoat control line through the core mohua habitat in the valley during November 2000. The trapline consists of 93
			timber tunnels with double set Mark IV Fenn traps, baited with a single hen egg. The line was checked monthly from November 2000 to April
42 Oct 01	12	West Coast	2001, and again in July 2001. Over this period, a total of 91 stoats, three ship rats and one mouse were caught.
			aerial 1080 possum poisoning operationWhirinaki Forest Park:The mouse index declined in the non-treatment area (30 to 14%), but increased
38 Sep -00	14		in the treatment area (23 to 30%).
			Mice continue to demonstrate their tenacity, or maybe toxin tolerance, by persisiting on Mokoia Island in Lake Rotorua, and Limestone Island in
			Whangarei Harbour. In both instances, it is despite two or more very determined eradication attempts. They (mice) quickly reach such low
			levels as to be impossible to detect, only to be re-detected five or six months later in the odd tracking tunnel. Normal pattern then, is for the
			place to soon become overrun with the critters. It is possible that they were subsequent reintroductions with people visiting the Islands, and
			this possibility can not be completely ruled out. However the actual places on both islands where mouse sign has been found does not coincide
46 Sep -02	12		with normal landing places